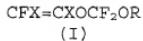


I CLAIM

1. A fluorovinyl ether of formula:



wherein:

1) R is a C₂-C₆ linear or branched perfluoroalkyl group, a C₅-C₆ cyclic perfluoroalkyl group, or a linear or branched perfluoroxyalkyl group comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 3 oxygen atoms;

2) up to two fluorine atoms of the perfluoroalkyl group or the perfluoroxyalkyl group can be replaced with atoms selected from the group consisting of H, Cl, Br, and I; and

3) X is F or H.

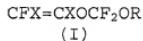
2. The fluorovinyl ether of claim 1 wherein R is CF₂CF₂Y and Y is F or OCF₃.

3. The fluorovinyl ether of claim 2 wherein each X is F.

4. The fluorovinyl ether of claim 3 wherein Y is F.

5. A polymer obtained by the polymerization, alone or in combination with one or more copolymerizable comonomers, of

1) a fluorovinyl ether of formula:



wherein:

a) R is a C₂-C₆ linear or branched perfluoroalkyl group, a C₅-C₆ cyclic perfluoroalkyl group, or a linear or branched perfluoroxyalkyl group comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 3 oxygen atoms;

b) up to two fluorine atoms of the perfluoroalkyl group or the perfluoroxyalkyl group can be replaced with atoms selected from the group consisting of H, Cl, Br, and I; and

c) X is F or H.

6. The polymer of claim 5 wherein R is $\text{CF}_2\text{CF}_2\text{Y}$ and Y is F or OCF_3 .

7. The polymer of claim 6 wherein each X is F.

8. The polymer ether of claim 7 wherein Y is F.

9. The polymer of claim 5 wherein the fluorovinyl ether is copolymerized with at least one comonomer that is a fluorinated compound having at least one polymerizable carbon-carbon double bond.

10. The polymer of claim 9 wherein the fluorinated compound further comprises at least one atom selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, chlorine, bromine, iodine, and oxygen.

11. The polymer of claim 5 wherein the fluorovinyl ether is copolymerized with one or more comonomers that are a $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_6$ olefinically unsaturated hydrocarbon.

12. The polymer of claim 5 wherein the fluorovinyl ether is polymerized with one or more copolymerizable comonomers selected from the following:

- 1) $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_8$ perfluoroolefins;
- 2) $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_8$ fluoroolefins;
- 3) $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_8$ chlorofluoroolefins, $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_8$ bromochloroolefins, and $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_8$ iodoolefins;
- 4) fluoroalkyl vinyl ethers, having the structure $\text{CF}_2=\text{CFOR}^2_f$, wherein R^2_f is a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ perfluoroalkyl group in which 0 or 1 of the fluorine atoms are replaced with an atom selected from bromine and chlorine;
- 5) perfluoroxyalkylvinyl ethers of structure $\text{CF}_2=\text{CFOX}^a$ wherein X^a is selected from a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{12}$ alkyl group, a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{12}$

oxyalkyl group, and a C₁-C₁₂ fluorooxyalkyl group having at least one ether oxygen,;

6) sulphonic monomers having the structure CF₂=CFOX^bSO₂F, wherein X^b can be CF₂CF₂, CF₂CF₂CF₂, or CF₂CF(CF₂X^c), and wherein X^c is selected from F, Cl, Br.

13. The polymer of claim 12 wherein the perfluoroolefin is selected from tetrafluoroethylene (TFE), hexafluoropropene (HFP), and hexafluoroisobutene.

14. The polymer of claim 12 wherein the fluorooolefin is selected from the group consisting of vinyl fluoride (VF), vinylidene fluoride (VDF), trifluoroethylene, chlorotrifluoroethylene (CTFE), bromotrifluoroethylene, and a fluorooolefin of structure CH₂=CH-R²_f, wherein R²_f is a C₁-C₆ perfluoroalkyl group.

15. The polymer of claim 12 wherein R²_f is selected from a trifluoromethyl group, a bromotrifluoromethyl group, or a heptafluoropropyl group.

16. The polymer of claim 12 wherein the perfluoroxyalkyl group is the perfluoro-2-propoxypropyl group.

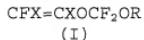
17. The polymer of claim 5 wherein the amount of fluorovinyl ether polymerized is between about 0.1 mole % and about 20 mole %, the remainder comprising one or more copolymerizable comonomers.

18. The polymer of claim 17 wherein the amount of fluorovinyl ether polymerized is between about 15 mole % and about 20 mole %, the remainder comprising one or more comonomers.

19. The polymer of claim 5 wherein the polymer is elastomeric.

20. The polymer of claim 5 wherein the polymer is plastomeric.

21. A process for making a fluorovinyl ether of formula



wherein:

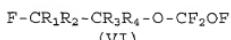
1) R is a C₂-C₆ linear or branched perfluoroalkyl group, a C₅-C₆ cyclic perfluoroalkyl group, or a linear or branched perfluoroxyalkyl group comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 3 oxygen atoms;

2) up to two fluorine atoms of the perfluoroalkyl group or the perfluoroxyalkyl group can be independently replaced with an atom selected from the group consisting of H, Cl, Br, and I; and

3) X is F or H;

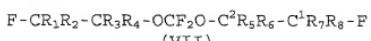
comprising the steps of

a) contacting hypofluorite, CF₂(OF)₂, with a first olefin of structure R₁R₂C=CR₃R₄, wherein R₁ and R₄ are the same or different and selected from H and F, and R₂ and R₃ are the same or different and selected from H and Cl, to form a first intermediate hypofluorite of structure



and

b) contacting the first intermediate hypofluorite (VI) with a second olefin having structure R₅R₆C¹=C²R₇R₈ to form a second intermediate hypofluorite



wherein R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ are F; or one of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ is a C₁-C₄ linear or branched perfluoroalkyl group and the others of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ are F; or

one of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ is a C₁-C₄ linear or branched perfluorooxyalkyl group containing from one to three oxygen atoms and the others of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ are F; or either pairing R₅ and R₇ or R₆ and R₈, together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached, are linked to form a perfluorinated C₅-C₆ cycloalkyl group and the others of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ not so linked are F;

and

c) when R₂ and R₃ are both Cl, subjecting the second intermediate (VII) to a dehalogenation reaction, or, when one of R₂ and R₃ is H, subjecting the second intermediate (VII) to a dehydrohalogenation reaction;

with the proviso that when one of R₅, R₆, R₇ or R₈ is a C₂-C₄ linear or branched fluoroalkyl group or a C₂-C₄ linear or branched fluoroalkoxy group comprising from one to three oxygen atoms; then one or two of the remaining three of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ are F and the remaining one or two of R₅, R₆, R₇, R₈ are selected from H, Cl, Br, and I, with the proviso that, where only one of said remaining three of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ is F, then the remaining two of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ are the same and linked to the same carbon atom; and further with the proviso that when R₅ and R₇ together with the carbon to which they are attached, or R₆ and R₈ together with the carbon atom to which they are attached, are linked to form a cyclic then one of the remaining two of R₅, R₆, R₇, and R₈ is F and the other is selected from H, Cl, Br, and I.

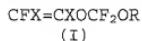
22. The process of claim 21 wherein the second olefin is reacted with hypofluorite in place of first olefin and the first intermediate hypofluorite is then reacted with the first olefin.

23. The process of claim 21 wherein the contacting is in a continuous process in which the mole amount of hypofluorite contacted is equal to or greater than the mole amount of first olefin $R_1R_2C=R_3R_4$ contacted and further wherein the residence time in the reactor is between about 0.05 and about 120 seconds, the temperature is between about -40° and about -150°C, and the first intermediate hypofluorite of the reaction of the first olefin with hypofluorite is continuously reacted with the second olefin.

24. A process according to claim 21 wherein the concentration of second olefin $R_5R_6C=CR_7R_8$ is constant and greater than about 0.01M and the temperature is between about -20°C to -100° C.

25. The process of claim 24 wherein the concentration of second olefin is equal to or greater than about 3M.

26. In a process for making a fluorovinyl ether of structure:



wherein:

1) R is a C_2-C_6 linear or branched perfluoroalkyl group, a C_5-C_6 cyclic perfluoroalkyl group, or a linear or branched perfluoroxyalkyl group comprising 2 to 6 carbon atoms and 1 to 3 oxygen atoms;

2) up to two fluorine atoms of the perfluoroalkyl group or the perfluoroxyalkyl group can be independently replaced with an atom selected from the group consisting of H, Cl, Br, and I; and

3) X is F or H;

the step of:

contacting a first fluoroalkene with a hypofluorite to form a first intermediate; then contacting the first intermediate with a second fluoroalkene to form a second intermediate;

1) the hypofluorite is of structure $X_1X_2C(OF)_2$ wherein X_1 and X_2 are the same or different and selected from F and CF_3 ; and

2) the first and second fluoroalkenes may be the same or different and are selected from $R^A_1R^A_2C=CR^A_3R^A_4$ and $R^A_4R^A_5C=CR^A_7R^A_8$ wherein each of R^A_1 , R^A_2 , R^A_3 , R^A_4 , R^A_5 , R^A_6 , R^A_7 , and R^A_8 are the same or different and are selected from the group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br, I, $-CF_2OSO_2F$, $-SO_2F$, $-C(O)F$, C_1-C_5 linear or branched perfluoroalkyl, and linear or branched oxyperfluoroalkyl.